



Negative Sides of State Professor Council (HDGSNN) with Criminal Case at Banking University HCM City Vietnam – and Applying Malaysian Privacy Law Approach as Reference for dealing with False News of Tuoi Tre and Thanh Nien Newspapers in Vietnam

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Abstract

In this study, we highly criticize publishing fake news online of several Vietnam magazines (Thanhmien.vn and Tuoitre.vn) as it may cause misinformation and troubles, anxiety in society. Next, we show criminal cases at HDGSNN (State professor Council- fake Prof Trần Thọ Đạt), and Nguyễn Đức Trung – fake Rector at Banking University HCM city Vietnam (in hindering scientific researches of scientists), and Lê Đình Hạc – fucking guy, fake Doctor at Banking University HCMC Vietnam. We also use this case to teach social sciences students. Next, authors use Malaysian laws approach for solving FALSE NEWS OF TUOI TRE AND THANH NIEN NEWSPAPERS IN VIETNAM during period 2015-2022. Last but not least, Authors also analyze viewpoints of President Ho Chi Minh on publishing activities for educating students better.

I. INTRODUCTION

President Ho Chi Minh emphasized: “The task of education is very important and glorious. Without teachers, there is no education... without education, without cadres, there is nothing to say about economy and culture. chemical” . Teachers are the ones who orient and guide the young generation step by step to grasp the truth of the times, so no matter how good any documents and textbooks are, if there is no teacher to guide them, they will not bring into full play their effects. with the younger generation. The teacher is the decisive factor to the quality of education, the product of teaching is the future of the nation. Therefore, every teacher needs to fully, deeply and comprehensively grasp the

precious teachings and views of President Ho Chi Minh on education, about the role and responsibility of the teacher towards the Fatherland. , with the people.

For a long time, President Ho Chi Minh has always emphasized the position and role of teachers in society - they are the ones who determine the success of the construction and renovation of education. That, both affirming the important position and role of the profession of "teaching letters and teaching people", also speaks to the responsibility that society places all its trust on the teacher's shoulders. Teachers and teachers have the heavy and glorious task of being a pioneer soldier on the ideological and cultural front; has the responsibility to instill in the

younger generation the genuine moral ideals, the system of values, the cultural quintessence of the nation and humanity, fostering them with noble qualities and creative and appropriate capacities. with social development and progress.

In below section we will show NEGATIVE SIDES OF STATE PROFESSOR COUNCIL (HDGSNN) WITH CRIMINAL CASE AT BANKING UNIVERSITY HCM CITY VIETNAM, etc.

Research question:

Question 1: Analyze real cases studies of educational crimes in Vietnam (At STATE PROFESSOR COUNCIL (HDGSNN) WITH CRIMINAL CASE AT BANKING UNIVERSITY HCM CITY VIETNAM – AND AT TUOI TRE AND THANH NIEN NEWSPAPERS IN VIETNAM) ?

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

First of all, Uncle Ho's pen covers a wide range of important issues being raised, analyzes them in a sharp and specific way, evaluates clearly and accurately, and offers practical and feasible solutions.

Especially in the two resistance wars against the French colonialists and the American imperialists, Uncle Ho's writings as an appeal, had a great effect, became a strong spiritual force, encouraging the entire people to participate. resistance war for national independence and reunification.

Responsibility to the profession is also an important requirement for every journalist. For us newspaper writers,

the pen is a sharp weapon, the article is a revolutionary pamphlet to encourage the masses to unite to fight against old and new colonialism, for independence. , social progress and world peace”.

A true journalist with a sense of responsibility before the society, before the people, knows how to immerse himself in the joy and anxiety before the country's difficulties, and at the same time always finds in the vivid reality of his glorious career. building and defending the Fatherland with an endless source of topics to create quality journalistic works, contributing to promoting a better and better society.

(source: Le Quoc Ly, The View of Marxism, Friedrich Engels, Vladimir Ilyich Lenin, Ho Chi Minh and the Communist Party of Vietnam on the press, Publishing House. National politics, Hanoi, 2011, pp. 144)



Fig.1- President Ho Chi Minh

(source: internet)

Then we summarize previous studies in below table: Table 1 - Related previous studies

Authors	Year	Content, results
Woolf	2016	Fake news is not limited to the electoral realm either: “The harmful information that spreads on Facebook includes the myths and lies about vaccination and links to autism. It contains myths and lies about the scientific fact of global warming. These are issues that are crucial to our wellbeing.”
Syed	2017	Compared to traditional speech via word of mouth, print, or broadcast, the dissemination of information over the Internet is distinct in that it combines content filters, insular online communities, amplification of fringe ideas, the rapidity of idea dissemination, and profit incentives that encourage fake news
Ivanova	2020	The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the draft e-Privacy Regulation are explored as legal instruments that could be applied against fake news, including during times of election.
Aswad	2020	While the circulation of disinformation and misinformation online can pose a variety of risks to societies around the world, it should also be of concern that overreacting to such false information can undermine human rights, including freedom of expression. The business operations of global social media platforms frequently intersect with this latter concern because of a spike in the adoption of national laws that Ban “fake news” as well as their own platform policies to tackle false information. This Essay assesses the corporate responsibility standards afforded by the United Nations’ Guiding Principles on Business & Human Rights as well as the

		International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and explains several key ways in which the guidance that these instruments provide is relevant to social media companies in tackling false information on their platforms, including with respect to their micro-targeting practices.
Mamak	2021	Uncontrolled access to information on the Internet has many advantages, but it also leads to the phenomenon of fake news. Fake news is dangerous in many spheres, including that of health

(source: author synthesis)

Finally, we will analyze that criminal behavior in publishing fake news, For example, many newspapers in Vietnam have been fined for that in past years.

III. METHODOLOGY

Authors mainly use experiences, observations, practical situation with cases studies of publishing fake news, for example in Vietnam combined with qualitative analysis, synthesis and explanatory methods.

IV. MAIN FINDINGS

For case study teaching method in English for students with social sciences major, we will present case students and discussion relevant topics as below:

4.1 Educational crimes at HDGSNN and at Banking University HCM city Vietnam

First, we criticize Nguyễn Đức Trung – fake Rector at Banking university HCM city Vietnam, Lê Đình Hạc – fake Doctors at Postgraduate dept. (these fucking guys like shit), Vũ Thị Thu Hà – fake Master at Postgraduate Dept.

Second, we criticize fake Professor Trần Thọ Đạt at HDGSNN (State professor Council)

These fucking man and woman trying hinder scientific researches, increasing tuition fee causing troubles for societies and family.

4.2 Case studies of publishing fake news in two Vietnam magazines

Historical time	History of violating
1992	Discipline and dismissal of Editor-in-Chief Vu Kim Hanh: The first major disciplinary case with Tuoi Tre newspaper was in 1992 when Ms. Vu Kim Hanh, the editor-in-chief of the newspaper at that time, was considered a "serious mistake" when she let published a number of unpublished documents related to Mr. Ho Chi Minh's private life, including documents claiming that he had a wife. (source: https://tieng.wiki/content/ , access date 10/3/2022)
Mid 2007	the case against the press was prosecuted with the charges of: "Deliberately disclosing State secrets" under Article 263 and "Abusing democratic freedoms to infringe upon the interests of the State, legitimate rights and interests of organizations and citizens" according to article 258 of the Penal Code). Meanwhile, many journalists from central and local press agencies have been summoned and questioned by the investigative police agency.
2018	PMU18 case in 2008. For the first time, many journalists were interrogated, investigated 5 and had to go to court
2021- beginning 2022	Thanh nien newspaper (Thanhvien.vn) and Tuoi tre.vn and bad editor team Nguyen Ngoc Toan/Dang Thi Phuong Thao still publish false information online causing troubles and disorder in Vietnam society

(source: <https://vi.wikipedia.org/wiki/>, access date 27/2/2022)

Next, we will present many legal lessons for students in journalism field.

4.3 Educating students in journalism and education field

Next, internet crimes including not only publishing fake news, but also crimes in education.

Moreover, we can teach students with viewpoints of

President Ho Chi Minh in revolutionary roles of journals and newspapers and publishing:

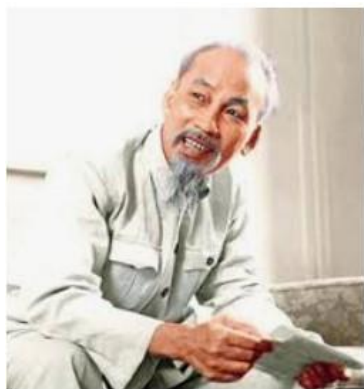


Fig.2 - Ho Chi Minh and publishing activities

(source: internet)

President Ho Chi Minh always highly appreciates the role of Vietnamese teachers. He has always paid special attention to building and fostering this important group of intellectuals.

Vietnamese teachers are the main force and directly carry out the task of researching, teaching and training students of schools across the country. It can be said that the teaching staff plays a decisive role in the quality of teaching and requires a lot of effort in building and fostering. In leading the task of education and training of the country through revolutionary periods, President Ho Chi Minh always highly appreciated the role of Vietnamese teachers. He has always paid special attention to building and fostering this important group of intellectuals.

He affirmed: "In the training of cadres, education is the first step. Although there is nothing unexpected, it is very glorious. Without bronze statues, nothing is glorious, but fulfilling the task. is a hero, a collective hero" (source: Hồ Chí Minh complete volume, National politics publishing house, 2011, Vol.10, p.345.).

In particular, President Ho Chi Minh has repeatedly affirmed that a teacher is the most glorious person in society. Because, our society, our people are very "respectful for the religion". Because, without teachers, without education, there would not be classes of people with enough talent and intelligence to successfully build socialism. Talking to staff and lecturers of Hanoi National University of Education (October 21, 1964), he emphasized: "A good teacher - a teacher who deserves to be a teacher - is the most glorious person. Regardless of his name. age is not published in newspapers, no medals are awarded, but good teachers are unsung heroes. This is a very glorious thing. build socialism" ((source: Hồ Chí Minh complete volume, National politics publishing house, 2011, Vol.14, pp.402-403).

It is from these reasons that he affirmed: "The profession of

a teacher is very important, very glorious; anyone who has an incorrect opinion about the teacher's profession must correct it"((source: Hồ Chí Minh complete volume, National politics publishing house, 2011, Vol.14, p.403).

4.4 The Malaysian approaches on privacy laws on publishing false news or information

First, On 11 January 2021, to control the spread of COVID-19, a proclamation of emergency was declared, which is expected to last until 1 August 2021. Pursuant thereto, on 12 March 2021, the Emergency (Essential Powers) (No. 2) Ordinance 2021 ('the Ordinance') was promulgated, which establishes criminal offences relating to 'fake news' about the COVID-19 pandemic and the Emergency Proclamation. The Ordinance is strikingly similar to the Malaysian Anti-Fake News Act 2018, which was repealed in 2019 by the previous government for being overly broad and allowing the government to stifle dissent and restrict freedom of expression. Teo Wai Sum and Lau Wai Kei, Partner and Associate respectively at Lee Hishammuddin Allen & Gledhill, analyse the Ordinance from a data privacy perspective.

The 'fake news' Ordinance

The Ordinance is now widely regarded as the 'new fake news law'. It is an offence if (among others) a person:

1. creates, offers, publishes, prints, distributes, circulates, or disseminates any fake news or publication containing fake news;
2. provides or make available financial assistance for the purpose of committing or facilitating the offence mentioned in item (1) above; or
3. fails to take down publications containing fake news within 24 hours from the time a direction is given by a police officer or an authorised officer.

'Fake news' is defined widely in the Ordinance as any 'news, information, data and reports, which is or are wholly or partly false relating to COVID-19 or the proclamation of emergency, whether in the forms of features, visuals or audio recordings or in any other form capable of suggesting words or ideas'. With no standards available to determine what constitutes 'fake news' or otherwise, the Ordinance can possibly be used by the government of the day to determine (in its absolute discretion) what constitutes 'fake news' and criminalise any person whom it considers to be spreading fake news. Furthermore, hefty penalties in the form of fines up to MYR 500,000 (approx. €100,000) and imprisonment up to six years or both that could be imposed on a person found to have committed offences relating to fake news under the Ordinance do not appear to be proportionate to offences of this nature.

(source: <https://www.dataguidance.com/opinion/malaysia->

[fake-news-ordinance-through-data-privacy](#), access date 9/3/2022).

Next, students can discuss below case questions:

Question 1: Discussing Vietnam educational crimes case study above?

Question 2: Present Malaysian laws approaches for dealing with false news publishing in journalism?

V. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Based on above approaches, teachers can use English as foreign language to teach students in social sciences and esp., journalism major.

According to President Ho Chi Minh, in order to complete the task well, each teacher must have a specialized education, good pedagogical skills, and good teacher ethics. He always reminds teachers and instructs "trainers" to be exemplary in all aspects. Right from the beginning of the 50s of the last century, he determined: "The coach of the Union must be a model in all aspects: ideology, morality, working style". According to him, if you want to become an exemplary teacher, and if you want to fulfill the noble task of "growing people", each teacher must constantly strive to learn, and must perform well the slogan: "Learn not to be bored, teach. don't know fatigue". He reminded the team of teachers and trainers: "Trainers have to learn more and more before they can do their job of coaching"(Hồ Chí Minh complete volume, National politics publishing house, 2011, Vol.6, p.56). In particular, he is always interested in educating a team of teachers who must love their job, love school, and be proud of the noble profession of a teacher: "Teachers and students, officials and employees, must honestly love their job. What is more glorious than the profession of training future generations to actively contribute to the construction of socialism and communism?". He also reminded the teaching staff to be pedantic, to be exemplary in morality and lifestyle: "Teachers and teachers in our regime... must have noble character, must "prioritize backwardness". That is, difficulties must be endured before the world, happiness is enjoyed after the world. This is revolutionary morality"

(source: Hồ Chí Minh complete volume, National politics publishing house, 2011, Vol.14, pp.402-403).

Next teachers can use case above for case teaching method.

RESEARCH LIMITATION

Authors need to make analysis for other legal case studies as well as for other markets.

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